VIA ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

The Honorable Jack Lew
Secretary
Department of Treasury
1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20220

Dear Mr. Lew:

According to the New York Times, the Department of Justice (DOJ) has invoked executive privilege over certain documents relating to the details of an agreement (the “Third Amendment”) between Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and the Treasury Department. However, it is unclear whether the President has actually asserted the privilege.

The Third Amendment, which occurred in August 2012, altered the government’s conservatorship over Fannie and Freddie and resulted in all profits being captured by Treasury. News reports note that as of last December, Treasury received $225.4 billion with a potential addition of $153.3 billion through fiscal year 2025 as a result of the deal.

Fannie and Freddie shareholders sued in July 2013. According to the New York Times, in the course of litigation, the DOJ has imposed broad assertions of privilege on 669 documents it may otherwise be required to produce. Of these documents, executive privilege is listed as the reason for withholding 45 of them.

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1 Gretchen Morgenson, After the Housing Crisis, a Cash Flood and Silence, NEW YORK TIMES (February 14, 2015).
2 Id.
3 Id.
4 Id.
The Federal Housing and Finance Agency (FHFA), created in 2008, has regulatory authority over both Freddie and Fannie and the statutory duties include the requirement that the FHFA ensure that each regulated entity operates in a safe and sound manner, including maintenance of adequate capital and internal controls.6

The taxpayer has a right to know what has transpired. But, instead of transparency, there appears to be an invocation of executive privilege. If true, this is cause for concern.

Accordingly, please provide the following:

1. Please provide the Third Amendment agreement made between Freddie, Fannie and the Treasury Department.

2. How does this agreement impact FHFA’s role as a regulatory authority over Freddie and Fannie?

3. Why did Treasury, Fannie, and Freddie enter into an agreement that resulted in all profits being captured by Treasury?

4. How is the FHFA maintaining adequate capital and internal controls over Fannie and Freddie in light of the agreement with Treasury?

5. According to news reports, the initial loan provided to Fannie and Freddie by Treasury is paid off. Will Treasury’s arrangement with FHFA terminate? If so, when? If not, why not?

Please number your responses according to their corresponding questions no later than April 20, 2015. If you have any questions, please contact Josh Flynn-Brown of my Committee staff at (202) 224-5225. Thank you for your cooperation in this important matter.

Sincerely,

Charles E. Grassley
Chairman
Committee on the Judiciary

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