115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	S.	

To amend title 18, United States Code, to reauthorize and expand the National Threat Assessment Center of the Department of Homeland Security.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	GRASSLEY	(for hims	elf, Mr. I	Rubio,	Mr. 1	Nelso	N, an	ıd Mr. I	IAT	$^{\mathrm{CH})}$	intro-
	duced the	following	bill; which	ch was	read	twice	and	referred	to	the	Com-
	mittee on										

A BILL

To amend title 18, United States Code, to reauthorize and expand the National Threat Assessment Center of the Department of Homeland Security.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "EAGLES Act of
- 5 2018".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) On February 14, 2018, 17 individuals lost
- 9 their lives in a senseless and violent attack on Mar-

1	jory Stoneman Douglas High School in Parkland
2	Florida, a school whose mascot is the eagle.
3	(2) These individuals lived lives of warmth, joy,
4	determination, service, and love, and their loss is
5	mourned by the Nation.
6	(3) The shooter in that attack exhibited pat-
7	terns of behavior that were alarming and that should
8	have alerted law enforcement and other Federal,
9	State, and local officials.
10	(4) The attack on Marjory Stoneman Douglas
11	High School was preventable.
12	(5) Lives were saved because of the brave and
13	exemplary conduct of many students, teachers, and
14	staff at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School, in-
15	cluding several of the victims of the attack.
16	(6) The National Threat Assessment Center
17	(referred to in this Act as the "Center") was estab-
18	lished in 1998 to conduct research on various types
19	of targeted violence.
20	(7) Studies conducted by the Center on tar-
21	geted school violence, in particular, have shown
22	that—
23	(A) most incidents were planned in ad-
24	vance;

1	(B) the attackers' behavior gave some indi-
2	cation that the individual was planning, or at
3	least contemplating, an attack;
4	(C) most attackers had already exhibited a
5	pattern of behavior that was of concern to other
6	people in their lives; and
7	(D) prior to the attack, someone associated
8	with the attacker, such as a family member or
9	peer, knew the attack was to likely to occur.
10	(8) Through their research, the Center devel-
11	oped the threat assessment model for responding to
12	indicators of targeted violence, which includes a
13	three-step process—
14	(A) identifying individuals who are exhib-
15	iting behaviors that indicate they are planning
16	an attack on a school;
17	(B) assessing whether the individual poses
18	a threat to the school, based on articulable
19	facts; and
20	(C) managing the threat the individual
21	may pose to the school.
22	(9) The threat assessment model works most
23	effectively when all the relevant parties, including
24	school officials, local law enforcement, and members
25	of the community, are part of a comprehensive pro-

1 tocol to identify, assess, and manage a potential 2 threat to the school. 3 (10) The primary goal of threat assessment 4 programs in schools should be to prevent violent con-5 duct, with an emphasis on early intervention, treat-6 ment, and care of individuals exhibiting behaviors 7 associated with targeted violence. 8 (11) Early intervention, treatment, and preven-9 tion of violent behavior is an effective way to prevent 10 violent conduct that would harm others and neces-11 sitate disciplinary action, including criminal pen-12 alties. 13 (12) The parties involved need the appropriate 14 training and tools to establish the appropriate mech-15 anisms for implementing this type of approach. 16 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-17 gress that a fact-based threat assessment approach, involving school officials, local law enforcement, and mem-18 bers of the community, is one of the most effective ways 19 to prevent targeted violence in schools, and is a fitting me-21 morial to those who lost their lives in the February 14, 22 2018, attack on Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School 23 and those who heroically acted to preserve the lives of their friends, students, and colleagues.

1	SEC. 3. REAUTHORIZATION AND EXPANSION OF THE NA-
2	TIONAL THREAT ASSESSMENT CENTER OF
3	THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.
4	(a) In General.—Chapter 203 of title 18, United
5	States Code, is amended by adding the following:
6	"§ 3056B. Functions of the National Threat Assess-
7	ment Center of the United States Secret
8	Service
9	"(a) In General.—There is established a National
10	Threat Assessment Center (in this section referred to as
11	the 'Center'), to be operated by the United States Secret
12	Service, at the direction of the Secretary of Homeland Se-
13	curity.
14	"(b) Functions.—The functions of the Center shall
15	include the following:
16	"(1) Training in the area of best practices on
17	threat assessment.
18	"(2) Consultation on complex threat assessment
19	cases or programs.
20	"(3) Research on threat assessment and the
21	prevention of targeted violence, consistent with evi-
22	dence-based standards and existing laws and regula-
23	tions.
24	"(4) Facilitation of information sharing on
25	threat assessment and the prevention of targeted vi-
26	olence among agencies with protective or public safe-

1	ty responsibilities, as well as other public or private
2	entities.
3	"(5) Development and implementation of evi-
4	dence-based programs to promote the standardiza-
5	tion of Federal, State, and local threat assessments,
6	best practices in investigations involving threats, and
7	the prevention of targeted violence.
8	"(c) Safe School Initiative.—In carrying out the
9	functions described in subsection (b), the Center shall es-
10	tablish a national program on targeted school violence pre-
11	vention, focusing on the following activities:
12	"(1) Research.—The Center shall—
13	"(A) conduct evidence-based research into
14	targeted school violence and school threat as-
15	sessment; and
16	"(B) publish the findings of the Center on
17	the public website of the United States Secret
18	Service.
19	"(2) Training.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Center shall offer
21	training courses on targeted school violence pre-
22	vention to agencies with protective or public
23	safety responsibilities, as well as other public or
24	private entities, including public school districts
25	and schools.

1	"(B) Development.—Training programs
2	developed by the Center shall use best practices
3	in school threat assessment, such as data pro-
4	duced through experimental, quasi-experi-
5	mental, and non-experimental research.
6	"(C) Plan.—Not later than 1 year after
7	the date of enactment of this section, the Cen-
8	ter shall establish a plan to offer its training
9	and other educational resources to public or pri-
10	vate entities within each State.
11	"(3) Coordination with other federal
12	AGENCIES.—To the extent practicable, the Center
13	shall develop research and training programs under
14	this section in coordination with the Department of
15	Justice and Department of Education.
16	"(4) Consultation with entities outside
17	THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—The Center is au-
18	thorized to consult with State and local educational
19	law enforcement, and mental health officials and pri-
20	vate entities, in the development of research and
21	training programs under this section.
22	"(5) Contracting services.—In carrying out
23	the functions under subsection (b), and subject to
24	the requirements of other applicable Federal law, the
25	Director of the Secret Service may enter into con-

tracts with public and private entities to assist in
conducting research and training.
"(6) Interactive website.—The Center may
create an interactive website to disseminate informa-
tion and data on evidence-based practices in tar-
geted school violence prevention.
"(d) Hiring of Additional Personnel.—The Di-
rector of the Secret Service may hire additional personnel
to comply with the requirements of this section.
"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the func-
tions of the Center—
" (1) \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2018; and
"(1) \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2018; and "(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019
"(2) $$10,000,000$ for each of fiscal years 2019
"(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022.
"(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022. "(f) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years
"(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022. "(f) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Director
"(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022. "(f) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Director of the Secret Service shall submit to the Committee on
"(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022. "(f) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Director of the Secret Service shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Senate and t
"(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022. "(f) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Director of the Secret Service shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on actions
"(2) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2022. "(f) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Director of the Secret Service shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on actions taken by the United States Secret Service to implement

1	"(2) the number of individuals in each State
2	trained in school threat assessment;
3	"(3) the number of school districts in each
4	State trained in school threat assessment or targeted
5	school violence prevention;
6	"(4) information on Federal, State, and local
7	agencies trained or otherwise assisted by the Center;
8	"(5) formal evaluation indicating whether the
9	training and other assistance provided by the Center
10	is effective;
11	"(6) a formal evaluation indicating whether the
12	training and other assistance provided by the Center
13	was implemented by the school;
14	"(7) a summary of the Center's research activi-
15	ties and findings; and
16	"(8) a strategic plan for disseminating the Cen-
17	ter's educational and training resources to each
18	State.
19	"(g) Definitions.—In this section—
20	"(1) the term 'evidence-based'—
21	"(A) means a program that demonstrates
22	a rationale based on high-quality research find-
23	ings or positive evaluation that such program is
24	likely to improve relevant outcomes; and

1	"(B) includes ongoing efforts to examine
2	the effects of the program; and
3	"(2) the term 'State' means any State of the
4	United States, the District of Columbia, the Com-
5	monwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,
6	Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of
7	the Northern Mariana Islands.
8	"(h) No Funds to Provide Firearms Train-
9	ING.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated
10	under this section may be used to train any person in the
11	use of a firearm.
12	"(i) No Effect on Other Laws.—Nothing in this
13	section may be construed to preclude or contradict any
14	other provision of law authorizing training in the use of
15	firearms.".
16	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
17	(1) Section 4 of the Presidential Threat Protec-
18	tion Act of 2000 (18 U.S.C. 3056 note), is repealed.
19	(2) The table of sections for chapter 203 of title
20	18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
21	after the item relating to section 3056A the fol-
22	lowing:
	WOODED TO BE AND

"3056B. Functions of the National Threat Assessment Center of the United States Secret Service.".