AM	IENDMENT NO Calendar No
Pu	rpose: In the nature of a substitute.
IN	THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—114th Cong., 1st Sess.
	S. 1599
	To provide anti-retaliation protections for antitrust whistleblowers.
R	eferred to the Committee on and ordered to be printed
	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
Ам	ENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by Mr. Grassley (for himself and Mr. Leahy)
Viz	:
1	Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-
2	lowing:
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Criminal Antitrust
5	Anti-Retaliation Act of 2015".
6	SEC. 2. AMENDMENT TO ACPERA.
7	The Antitrust Criminal Penalty Enhancement and
8	Reform Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–237; 15 U.S.C. 1
9	note) is amended by inserting after section 215 the fol-
10	lowing:

1	"SEC. 216. ANTI-RETALIATION PROTECTION FOR WHISTLE-
2	BLOWERS.
3	"(a) Whistleblower Protections for Employ-
4	EES, CONTRACTORS, SUBCONTRACTORS, AND AGENTS.—
5	"(1) In general.—No employer may dis-
6	charge, demote, suspend, threaten, harass, or in any
7	other manner discriminate against a covered indi-
8	vidual in the terms and conditions of employment of
9	the covered individual because of any lawful act done
10	by the covered individual—
11	"(A) to provide or cause to be provided to
12	the employer or the Federal Government infor-
13	mation relating to—
14	"(i) any violation of, or any act or
15	omission the covered individual reasonably
16	believes to be a violation of, the antitrust
17	laws; or
18	"(ii) any violation of, or any act or
19	omission the covered individual reasonably
20	believes to be a violation of, another crimi-
21	nal law committed in conjunction with a
22	potential violation of the antitrust laws or
23	in conjunction with an investigation by the
24	Department of Justice of a potential viola-
25	tion of the antitrust laws; or

1	"(B) to cause to be filed, testify in, partici-
2	pate in, or otherwise assist a Federal Govern-
3	ment investigation or a Federal Government
4	proceeding filed or about to be filed (with any
5	knowledge of the employer) relating to—
6	"(i) any violation of, or any act or
7	omission the covered individual reasonably
8	believes to be a violation of, the antitrust
9	laws; or
10	"(ii) any violation of, or any act or
11	omission the covered individual reasonably
12	believes to be a violation of, another crimi-
13	nal law committed in conjunction with a
14	potential violation of the antitrust laws or
15	in conjunction with an investigation by the
16	Department of Justice of a potential viola-
17	tion of the antitrust laws.
18	"(2) Limitation on protections.—Para-
19	graph (1) shall not apply to any covered individual
20	if—
21	"(A) the covered individual planned and
22	initiated a violation or attempted violation of
23	the antitrust laws;
24	"(B) the covered individual planned and
25	initiated a violation or attempted violation of

1	another criminal law in conjunction with a vio-
2	lation or attempted violation of the antitrust
3	laws; or
4	"(C) the covered individual planned and
5	initiated an obstruction or attempted obstruc-
6	tion of an investigation by the Department of
7	Justice of a violation of the antitrust laws.
8	"(3) Definitions.—In this section:
9	"(A) Antitrust laws.—The term 'anti-
10	trust laws' means section 1 or 3 of the Sher-
11	man Act (15 U.S.C. 1 and 3).
12	"(B) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term
13	'covered individual' means an employee, con-
14	tractor, subcontractor, or agent of an employer.
15	"(C) Employer.—The term 'employer'
16	means a person, or any officer, employee, con-
17	tractor, subcontractor, or agent of such person.
18	"(D) FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—The term
19	'Federal Government' means—
20	"(i) a Federal regulatory or law en-
21	forcement agency; or
22	"(ii) any Member of Congress or com-
23	mittee of Congress.

1	"(E) Person.—The term 'person' has the
2	same meaning as in subsection (a) of the first
3	section of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12(a)).
4	"(4) Rule of Construction.—The term 'vio-
5	lation', with respect to the antitrust laws, shall not
6	be construed to include a civil violation of any law
7	that is not also a criminal violation.
8	"(b) Enforcement Action.—
9	"(1) In general.—A covered individual who
10	alleges discharge or other discrimination by any em-
11	ployer in violation of subsection (a) may seek relief
12	under subsection (c) by—
13	"(A) filing a complaint with the Secretary
14	of Labor; or
15	"(B) if the Secretary of Labor has not
16	issued a final decision within 180 days of the
17	filing of the complaint and there is no showing
18	that such delay is due to the bad faith of the
19	claimant, bringing an action at law or equity
20	for de novo review in the appropriate district
21	court of the United States, which shall have ju-
22	risdiction over such an action without regard to
23	the amount in controversy.
24	"(2) Procedure.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A complaint filed with
2	the Secretary of Labor under paragraph (1)(A)
3	shall be governed under the rules and proce-
4	dures set forth in section 42121(b) of title 49
5	United States Code.
6	"(B) Exception.—Notification made
7	under section 42121(b)(1) of title 49, United
8	States Code, shall be made to any individual
9	named in the complaint and to the employer.
10	"(C) Burdens of Proof.—A complaint
11	filed with the Secretary of Labor under para-
12	graph (1)(A) shall be governed by the legal bur-
13	dens of proof set forth in section 42121(b) of
14	title 49, United States Code.
15	"(D) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—A com-
16	plaint under paragraph (1)(A) shall be filed
17	with the Secretary of Labor not later than 180
18	days after the date on which the violation oc-
19	curs.
20	"(E) CIVIL ACTIONS TO ENFORCE.—If a
21	person fails to comply with an order or prelimi-
22	nary order issued by the Secretary of Labor
23	pursuant to the procedures set forth in section
24	42121(b) of title 49, United States Code, the
25	Secretary of Labor or the person on whose be-

1	half the order was issued may bring a civil ac-
2	tion to enforce the order in the district court of
3	the United States for the judicial district in
4	which the violation occurred.
5	"(c) Remedies.—
6	"(1) In general.—A covered individual pre-
7	vailing in any action under subsection (b)(1) shall be
8	entitled to all relief necessary to make the covered
9	individual whole.
10	"(2) Compensatory damages.—Relief for any
11	action under paragraph (1) shall include—
12	"(A) reinstatement with the same seniority
13	status that the covered individual would have
14	had, but for the discrimination;
15	"(B) the amount of back pay, with inter-
16	est; and
17	"(C) compensation for any special damages
18	sustained as a result of the discrimination in-
19	cluding litigation costs, expert witness fees, and
20	reasonable attorney's fees.
21	"(d) Rights Retained by Whistleblowers.—
22	Nothing in this section shall be deemed to diminish the
23	rights, privileges, or remedies of any covered individual
24	under any Federal or State law, or under any collective
25	bargaining agreement.".